All Hands on Deck: Federal Initiatives to Strengthen and Support the Direct Care Workforce

2023 HCBS Conference

August 29th, 2023

Introductions

- U.S. Department of Labor
 - Chris Button, Office of Disability and Employment Policy
 - Lauren Smith, Office of Apprenticeship



- U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
 - Caroline Ryan, Administration for Community Living
 - Todd Wilson, Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services
 - Helen Lamont, Assistant Secretary for Planning and Evaluation



The Workforce is in Crisis

- Annual Turnover Rates: 42.8%. 64.8%
- Vacancy Rates: 8.5% -11.2%
- Demand for workers exceed available working age adults
- Low wages and few benefits

Executive Order on Increasing Access to High-Quality Care and Supporting Caregivers

 More than 50 directives to nearly every cabinetlevel agency to expand access to affordable, highquality care, and provide support for care workers and family caregivers.

https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/presidential-actions/2023/04/18/executive-order-on-increasing-access-to-high-quality-care-and-supporting-caregivers/

HCBS Conference August 2023

ODEP's Efforts to Address the DSP Crisis

Christopher Button, PhD, Supervisory Policy Advisor Office of Disability Employment Policy US Department of Labor





ODEP

The Office of Disability Employment Policy (ODEP) is the only non-regulatory federal agency that promotes policies and coordinates with employers and all levels of government to increase workplace success for people with disabilities.







ODEP'S MISSION & VISION

ODEP's Mission: "To develop and influence policies and practices that increase the number and quality of employment opportunities for people with disabilities."

ODEP's Vision: "A world in which people with disabilities have unlimited employment opportunities."





 Expanding and Improving Training and Career Pathways

 Facilitating DSP Professionalization Through Improved Data Collection

 Setting and Raising Standards for Job Quality, Pay, and Benefits

 Supporting People with Disabilities to Enter the DSP Profession





 Develop policy guidance that identifies minimum requirements for competency-based credentialing for different categories of DSPs to ensure that competency-based credentialing is consistent across and within states.

 Explore restructuring of Medicaid reimbursement rates to reflect credential-based pay for DSPs and to support state investments in training and career pathways.





 Differentiate and standardize occupational categories that are similar to and/or overlap with DSP work (e.g., home health aides) to improve data quality.

 Decide whether to categorize DSPs as a distinct primary category (either with or without subcategories) or as a subcategory of another primary category (e.g., direct care workers).

 Integrate DSP occupation tracking into federal systems and data collections (e.g., SOC, O*NET, OEWS) to improve accuracy of DSP workforce data.

CHARLENE





 Ensure that standards for state reimbursement rates support adequate wages and benefits, differentiation of wages by specialization, and a pay scale based on levels of training and experience. Standards for state reimbursement rates should also leverage existing legislative and regulatory authority to affect how programs operate and encourage state and corporate cooperation.

• Support DSP unionization, where needed, to improve wages, working conditions, and staff turnover.

Improve DSP job quality in consumer-directed services.





SUPPORTING PEOPLE WITH DISABILITIES TO ENTER THE DSP PROFESSION

 Create, invest in, and promote/disseminate models that support existing and aspiring DSPs with disabilities.

 Eliminate barriers for people with disabilities becoming DSPs. Replace criteria-based requirements with competency-based requirements.

 Clarify how existing funding sources can be used to support DSPs with disabilities.





RESOURCES

<u>Direct Support Professionals (DSP) Think Tank</u>
 <u>Recommendations Brief</u> (Feb. 2022)

Adding Value Through Direct Care Work blog (April 2022)

• <u>Direct Support Professional Careers for People with</u> <u>Disabilities Webinar</u> (Aug 2022)

<u>Direct Support Professionals Webpage</u>







Dr. Chris Button

Supervisory Policy Advisor

Button.Christopher@dol.gov

202-693-4923









Social Assistance Sector

Scope of Social Services

- · Individual and Family Services
- Community Food and Housing, Emergency Relief Services
- Vocational Rehabilitation Services
- Child Day Care Services

Why is there a shortage?

- Death due to COVID, many working age adults
- An aging population
- Aging care workforce
- High cost of childcare
- Relatively low pay for the rigors of the profession
- Burnout / fatigue as result of shortages

Data Points

- Healthcare is projected to grow 13% 2021-2031.
- About 2 million new jobs required over the decade.
- Healthcare support occupations median annual wage of \$29,880 in May 2021
- Credentials are required for 74.9% if support workers
- Prior work experience required for 20.3%
- On-the-job training required for 87.8%
- 99.4 % not eligible for telework
- Verbal interactions are required 31.4% of the time

Apprenticeship Focus

Career Pathways

- Assessment of prior learning
- Dual enrollment strategies
- · Multiple entrance and exit opportunities
- Engagement beyond entry-level positions
- Opportunity to progress to a living wage
- Stacking occupations and related credentials

Diversity, Equity, Inclusion, Accessibility (DEIA)

- Active outreach, recruitment, selection, and employment of applicants who reflect the communities they serve.
- Affirmative Action Planning to reach all interested in quality apprenticeship programs

High Demand Occupations

 Working with healthcare stakeholders to approve new and emerging occupations

Competency-based Models

- Allows apprentices to work at their own pace to completion
- · Recognizes differences in learning







CHILDCARE WORKERS

\$13.32 / \$27,710



CHILD, FAMILY, & SCHOOL SOCIAL WORKERS

\$21.85 / \$45,460



PERSONAL AND HOME CARE AIDES

\$14.39 / \$29,930



SOCIAL AND COMMUNITY SERVICE MANAGERS

\$31.09 / \$64,670



SOCIAL AND HUMAN SERVICE ASSISTANTS

\$18.10 / \$37,640

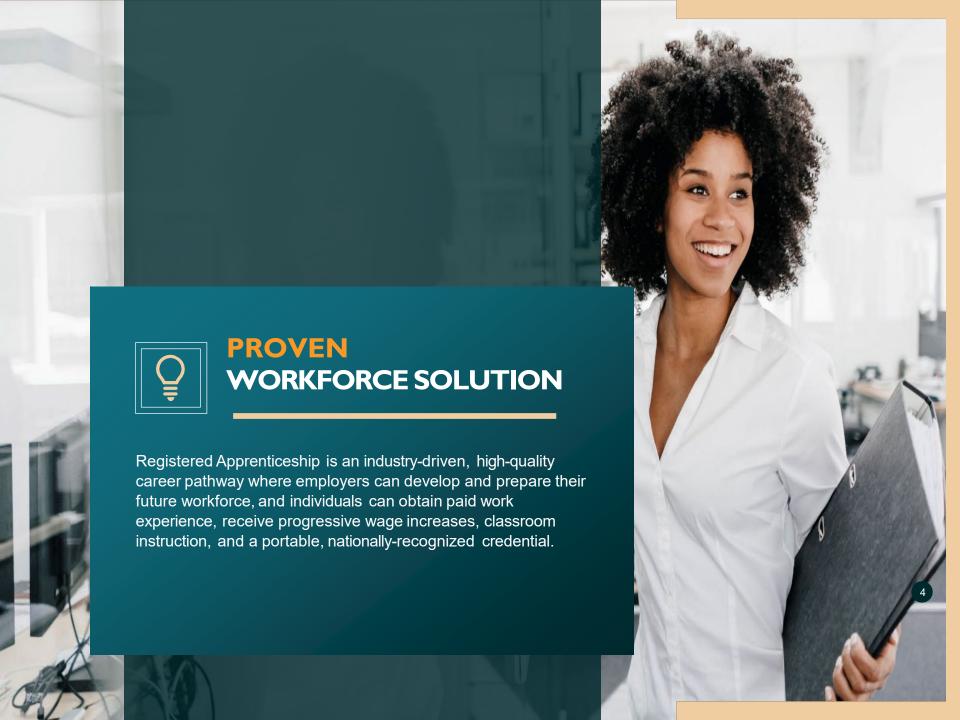
June 2023

Earnings and Hours of All Employees

Average Hourly Earnings \$21.49
Average Weekly Hours 30.8

Earnings and Hours of Production and Nonsupervisory Employees

Average Hourly Earnings \$19.49
Average Weekly Hours 29.6





INTERMEDIARIES

Arbor E&T, LLC d/b/a Equus Workforce Solutions

Healthcare, Healthcare IT, and Public Service

Michelle Day:

michelleday@equusworks.com https://equusworks.com/services/disco ver-apprenticeship/

District 1199C Training and Upgrading Fund

Care Economy (Healthcare, Early Childhood Education)

Teresa Collins: tcollins@1199ctraining.org

https://www.1199ctraining.org/

Healthcare Career Advancement Program (H-CAP)

Healthcare

Rebecca von Lowenfeldt:

rebecca.vonloewenfeldt@hcapinc.org https://www.hcapinc.org/

Net.America Healthcare

Healthcare and Healthcare IT

Clare Hines: clarehines@netamerica.net

https://discovernetamerica.com

Early Care & Education Pathways to Success (ECEPTS), a project of Tides Center

Early Childhood Education

Randi Wolfe, Ph.D.: randiwolfe@ecepts.org

https://ecepts.org/

WRMA, Inc.

Early Childhood Education

Anne Goldstein: agoldstein@wrma.com

https://wrma.com/

LIAISONS

Lauren M. Smith, Apprenticeship Training Program Specialist-Care Economy

smith.lauren.m@dol.gov; 617-788-2822

Jamie S. Bennett, Healthcare and Social Services Liaison bennett.jamie.s@dol.gov; O: 202-693-6711, C: 810-282-7621

Antonio McKoy, Education Liaison mckoy. Antonio. 1@dol.gov; 215-861-5225





Lauren M. Smith
Apprenticeship Training Program Specialist



Smith.lauren.m@dol.gov



617-788-2822

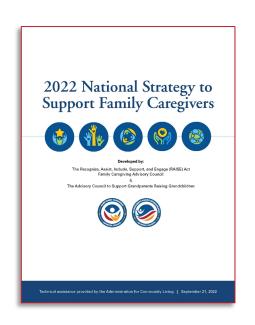


ACL Direct Care Workforce Initiatives

Caroline Ryan
Deputy Director, Center for Innovation and Partnership
Administration for Community Living
caroline.ryan@acl.hhs.gov

RAISE - The Recognize, Assist, Include, Support & Engage Family Caregivers Act

One Strategy | Four Components



<u>2022 National Strategy to Support Family Caregivers</u> - An overview and description of the strategy's goals and intended outcomes

<u>First Principles: Cross-Cutting Considerations for Family Caregiver Support</u> - Describes the four key principles that must be reflected in all efforts to improve support to family caregivers

<u>Federal Actions</u> - Nearly 350 actions that 15 federal agencies will take in the near term to begin to implement the strategy.

<u>Actions for States, Communities, and Others</u> - More than 150 actions others can take.

The RAISE Family Caregiver Resource and Dissemination Center

ACL Direct Support Prize Challenge

- Focused on innovative solutions that would strengthen the direct support professional (DSP) workforce and increase the overall stability of home and community-based services for individuals with ID/DD.
- The Collaborative for Citizen Directed Supports NJ won the Prize Challenge
 - developed an interactive map that indicates where self-directed employees and DSPs are located so that clients can contact them about their services.
 - Built a network of over 700 people who can share and promote the map and DSP support solutions. DSP agencies can submit lists of their available staff to the map, and SDEs can submit information about their staffing preferences.

ACL Living Well Grants



Capacity Building

- Forming new partnerships and expanding of existing partnerships.
 These partnerships include various governmental and private organizations with a wide range of specialties;
- Engaging self-advocates and family members of people with I/DD in various ways from project leadership to specific initiative development ensuring that all viewpoints are represented and included; and,
- Developing and implementing a range of trainings for a variety of audiences. Examples of trainings being developed and/or implemented include courses in professionalism for direct support professionals (DSPs) and healthy relationships trainings for people with I/DD.

Direct Care Workforce: A Technical Assistance and Capacity Building Initiative

- 5-year Grant to establish a Direct Care Workforce Capacity Building Center
 - Central hub for state, private, and federal entities involved in the hiring, recruitment, training, and workforce development associated with the delivery of home and community-based services
- A collaboration between ACL, the Department of Labor, CMS, and other HHS agencies

https://acl.gov/programs/direct-care-workforce



STRATEGIES CENTER



Environmental Scan

Assess current resources, consult stakeholders, identify best practices



Virtual Information Hub

Website and information hub for stakeholders and those interested in TA



Capacity Building Hub

Self-directed learning, virtually facilitated engagements, inperson support and convenings



Stakeholder Groups

Formal steering committee and lived-experience and subject matter expert informed advisory working groups



DCW Support Services

Resources that target front-line direct care workers seeking information and resources



DCW Data Warehouse

Data clearinghouse for employers, state agencies, and systems leaders



Consumer & Caregiver Data Warehouse

Data clearinghouse to support decision making for consumers and caregivers



Evaluation Program

Formal evaluation framework to support ongoing enhancements to approach and TA

CMS Direct Care Workforce (DCW) Resources & Initiatives to Enhance or Expand Home and Community-Based Services

Todd Wilson, Team Lead

Money Follows the Person Demonstration Division of Community Systems Transformation Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS)

CMS Direct Care Workforce Resources

The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) released a series of resources to strengthen the direct service workforce (DSW) in January 2023. The **Direct Care Workforce Resources** page (https://www.medicaid.gov/medicaid/long-term-services-supports/workforce-initiative/index.html) includes links to the following:

- Strengthening the DSW in Rural Areas
- The Self-direction Briefing Paper Series:
 - Origins and Benefits of Self-direction
 - Key Components of Self-directed Services
 - Operational Considerations for Self-directed Service Delivery Models
 - Self-direction Research Compendium
- Emerging Strategies for States: DSW Learning Collaborative Summary

Online Training: Recruiting, Selecting, and Retaining Direct Service Workers to Provide Self-directed Home and Community-Based Services (HCBS) -

https://www.medicaid.gov/medicaid/long-term-services-supports/direct-care-workforce/online-training-for-self-directed-hcbs/index.html

American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 Section 9817

Section 9817 of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 provides an opportunity for states to identify and implement changes aimed at addressing existing HCBS workforce and structural issues, expand the capacity of critical services, and begin to meet the needs of people on HCBS waitlists and family caregivers.

Strengthening and Investing in Home and Community Based Services for Medicaid Beneficiaries: American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 Section 9817

https://www.medicaid.gov/medicaid/home-community-based-services/guidance/strengthening-and-investing-home-and-community-based-services-for-medicaid-beneficiaries-american-rescue-plan-act-of-2021-section-9817/index.html

Data to Inform Policy: ASPE's Research on the Direct Care Workforce

Helen Lamont, Ph.D.

Director, Division of Disability & Aging Policy

Office of the Assistant Secretary for Planning & Evaluation

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services





ASPE's History of DCW Work

- The Assistant Secretary for Planning and Evaluation (ASPE) advises the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services on policy development in health, disability, human services, data, and science; and provides advice and analysis on economic policy.
- Long history of supporting data infrastructure and policy research on the direct care workforce including:
 - 1997 Cash & Counseling Demonstration Project
 - 2004 Symposium, "Pathway to the Future: How workforce development and quality jobs can promote quality of care"
 - 2004 National Nursing Assistant Survey
 - 2007 National Home Health Aide Survey



Impact of COVID on Nursing Home and Home Care Workforces

- <u>COVID-19 Intensifies Nursing Home</u> <u>Workforce Challenges</u>
- Focused on challenges in staffing and how government and facility policies addressed these challenges
- Environmental scan and interviews with 9 key informants
- March July 2020; Released October 2020

- COVID-19 Intensifies Home Care Workforce Challenges
- Focused on challenges in PPE and staffing, how government and agency policies addressed these challenges, and plans to address future needs
- State policy scan and interviews with 25 key informants
- October 2020 March 2021;
 Released May 2021



Improving Home Care Workers' Job Quality: Mitigating Workforce Injuries

- DCWs have high rates of musculoskeletal injuries due to lifting, transferring, and repositioning clients.
- Assistive technologies (AT) and home modifications can be used to assist with these tasks to help reduce the strain from conducting manual lifting
- Barriers to implementing AT in home care:
 - few providers focus on assess the for or obtaining AT
 - client resistance
 - difficulty identifying appropriate assistive technologies and home modifications,
 - limited insurance coverage and difficulty covering out-of-pocket costs; and
 - environmental issues in the home;
- Convened two groups of experts to identify opportunities to overcome these barriers;
- <u>Evidence Review</u> (April 2022); Expert Panel Summary forthcoming



State Efforts to Improve Direct Care Workforce Wages

- Examined the wages of DCWs to workers in other entry-level jobs to better understand the extent of the wage gap between DCWs and other workers by State
- Reviewed State Efforts to Improve Direct Care Workforce Wages
 - Conducted case studies to understand state policies and the barriers and challenges with implementation
 - Examined impact of these policies on wages relative to other entry-level jobs
- Issue briefs forthcoming



Adding DCW Supplement to National Post-Acute and Long-Term Care Survey (NPALS)

- National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) conducts the National Post-Acute and Long-Term Care Survey (NPALS) every two years to collect data on:
 - Nursing homes
 - Residential care settings (including assisted living)
 - Adult day services centers.
- Opportunity to pilot a study of direct care workers using the NPALS infrastructure
- Design and test a sampling protocol, questionnaire, and contact strategies
- New questionnaire includes questions used in previous surveys to allow for comparisons over time and capture emerging trends in the field
- Pilot testing beginning in Fall 2023.



Additional Projects In Process

- Exploratory Study of the Effects of State Medicaid Policies on the Home Care Workforce in New Jersey
- Modeling the Potential Impact of Increasing Wages for Direct Care Workers on Long-Term Care Spending
- Direct Care Worker Training Programs for High School Students



Identifying Gaps in Data on the HCBS Workforce

Care Executive Order

The Secretary of Labor and the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall, in consultation with relevant agencies and external experts and organizations, jointly conduct a review to identify gaps in knowledge about the home- and community-based workforce serving people with disabilities and older adults; identify and evaluate existing data sources; and identify opportunities to expand analyses, supplement data, or launch new efforts to provide important data on the home- and community-based care workforce and ensure equity for people with disabilities and older adults. The Secretaries shall publicly release the findings and recommendations of this review no later than April 2024.



Identifying Gaps in Data on HCBS Workforce

- Goal: "To ensure that children and adults with disabilities and older adults have ready access to a high-quality trained care workforce that can meet their goals of living independently and participating in their community; that the workforce may receive family sustaining wages and benefits, is empowered to advocate for themselves and those they support; and that there is available data to ensure that these goals are being met."
- Charge: "To understand and address gaps, to inform workforce planning efforts and policies to support home care workers, and to measure the impacts of policies over time."



Federal Partners

Department of Health & Human Services

- Office of the Assistant Secretary for Planning
 & Evaluation
- Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services
- National Center for Health Statistics
- Health Resources & Services Administration
- Administration for Community Living
- National Institute on Aging

Department of Labor

- Office of the Secretary
- Office of the Assistant Secretary for Policy
- Office of Disability and Employment Policy
- Women's Bureau



Next Steps

- Listening session today
 – Thank you!
 - What are the priority populations of HCBS workers?
 - What are the priority data needs and gaps in knowledge?
 - What data collections exist or do not exist to address gaps in knowledge?
 - How can we fill gaps in knowledge?
 - What new data collections are needed?
- Send additional feedback and information on data sources to <u>marie.squillace@hhs.gov</u> and <u>helen.lamont@hhs.gov</u>
- Findings of group will be shared in Spring 2024



Thank you!

Contact:

helen.lamont@hhs.gov and marie.squillace@hhs.gov

https://aspe.hhs.gov/



